

August 29th 2010: THE TWENTY-SECOND SUNDAY IN ORDINARY TIME



## FRIEND, COME UP HIGHER!

Anyone who has ever read Charles Dickens's novel "David Copperfield" will shudder to recall the sinister character of Uriah Heep, who frequently proclaims his own "*'umbleness*". He may seem at first to pose as a real model of humility, even though this makes him no less loathsome as a character. You might say that he makes the very idea of humility seem repellent. Yet in reality he is eaten up with an overweening pride and ambition. His humility is utterly false. In fact, it is a cover for his intense fury at what he perceives to be a lack of "respect" shown him by others and which he so certainly feels is his due. His "humility" comes in the end to be seen as a mask for his scheming, which leads eventually to his downfall. By contrast, Our Lord tells us in today's Gospel what true hu-

mility is like. If humility has nothing to do with Uriah Heep's way of pretending not to be proud, what is it really like? Being humble does not mean that we have to hate ourselves. Nor does it mean that we have to "do ourselves down". Humility does not mean false modesty—denying the truth if the truth does us

mean that we have to "do ourselves down". Humility does not mean false modesty—denying the truth if the truth does us credit. For instance, the great Bishop Ullathorne, who was Cardinal Newman's bishop here in Birmingham, was once asked— "what is the best book to read about humility?" and his answer was, "mine, the one I wrote". Although that looks at first like boastfulness, Bishop Ullathorne was being humble. He had written a book about humility which, in his honest opinion, was the best available on the subject. If he had said that another, less thorough treatment of the subject, was better than his, he would actually have been lying, and lying is not humility! To say another book was better when he thought otherwise would be false modesty, not true humility.

So Our Lord gives us an example of what humility is in practise. He reminds his hearers what they would normally do when invited to some special occasion, like a banquet. In His day in the Holy Land, they did not know the custom at formal occasions that we often follow here, for instance at wedding receptions, where places are allocated to guests according to family relationships or acquaintanceship. It was instead customary for places to be allocated according to a strict sense of social superiority. The places nearest the host were allocated to the most distinguished guests, and the least important were allocated the places furthest away. Imagine the scope for jealousy and resentment that a "wrong" placement could mean! And what could be more degrading than to take a place and be told in the full presence of all the other guests that we had taken one higher than our status deserved! Our Lord encourages us to avoid all the pain and indigrity of wounded pride that goes with such a public humiliation. Isn't it better, He says, to go instantly to the lowest place of your own accord, thinking that everyone is better than yourself, and then to have the possibility of your host telling you in front of everyone else that you have taken far too low a place?

Our Lord is not thereby encouraging us to be falsely modest, by pretending to be the least important while secretly harbouring a hope that we will be recognised as more important. Rather He teaches us to realise that pride only leads to unhappiness while humility, far from making us sad, is actually the sure way of finding happiness in accepting "who we really are". In the end, of course, humility is all about our relations with God. If we realise that we depend totally on Him for everything that we are and have, then being proud makes absolutely no sense whatever. Since we have not made ourselves, we owe everything to the One who has made us. Since we own nothing when we come into the world and can take nothing out of it, we must realise that pride in our own status and abilities is a delusion. All our self-knowledge depends on that truth.

## **PREPARING THE WAY**

The day of Cardinal Newman's beatification is now less than a month away. The shrine chapel which the Pope will inaugurate on September 19th is approaching completion. Please keep these final stages of preparation in your prayers as there is much to be done and thought about. Also please support the various events connected with the beatification, such as the lecture at Birmingham University on "Cardinal Newman and Birmingham". Details are given on the other side of this newsletter.

## Sunday August 29th: The Twenty-second Sunday in Ordinary Time (Green)

• 8.30 a.m. *Low Mass* 

- 9.30 a.m. Latin Low Mass—1962 Missal
  - 10.30 a.m. High Mass

- 12.00 p. m (Families with young children)
  5.30 p.m. Low Mass
- 7.30 p.m. Vespers and Benediction

## Liturgical Calendar

Year 2 of the Lectionary at Weekday Mass and Psalter Week 2 in the Divine Office Tuesday to Friday: Masses at 7.30 a.m., 12.45 p.m. and 5.45 p.m. Rosary 7.45 p.m. (for Saturdays: see over) Holy Hour: Each Weekday from 8 a.m. - 9 a.m. Benediction on Tuesday at 8 p.m. Confessions are heard from 12.30 p.m. and from 5.30 p.m. until the end of Mass.

<ul> <li>Monday 30th August: Bl. Juvenal Ancina, Oratorian Priest. Memo</li> <li>BANK HOLIDAY: Low Masses at 8 a.m. and 11 a.m.</li> <li>Adoration from 8.30 a.m. ending with Solemn Benediction at No Evening Devotions.</li> <li>Bl. Juvenal Ancina (1545-1604) He already had a Doctorate in medicine alised his true vocation and joined the Oratory in Rome. He was ordaine Philip sent him to Naples, where he was instrumental in the building shrine, del Tesoro, in honour of Naples' patron saint St Januarius. He was clergy; he opened a seminary and began a systematic visitation of parishes the decrees of the Council of Trent. He was renowned for his humility austere life in private. Many were inspired by his holiness. He was beatifie Tuesday 31st August: Feroa. (Green) Optional Memoria of St Aid Saints of Lindisfarne. (White)</li> </ul>	tt 10.40 a.m. ine when he d at 33 and St of a spendid vas appointed St Francis de behaviour of to implement and lived an d in 1890.	eptember 5th: the Twenty-third anday of the Year: (Green) ass & Service Times: 8.30 a.m. Low Mass 9.30 a.m. Latin Low Mass 1962 Missal 10.30 a.m. High Mass 12.00 p.m. Families with young children 5.30 p.m. During August: Low Mass 7.30 p.m. Vespers and Benediction	
• <i>Holy Hour 8 a.m. – 9 a.m.</i> • <i>Benediction at 8 p.m.</i> <b>St Aidan and the Saints of Lindisfarne</b> (7th cent) Aidan, an Irishman, joined the famous Monastery at Iona and was sent from there on a Mission to Northumbria where he was consecrated Bishop, making Lindisfarne his headquarters. The monks there accumulated no wealth, applying all surpluses to the needs of the poor, and it became a centre for education and missionary work under Aidan. St Bede described him as a man 'of remarkable gentleness and goodness'. Many saints were educated at Lindisfarne.		ase pray for the sick Carl Briggs, Miles Drew, n Zissman, Brenda Molloy, Elizabeth Priday, John rter, Jaqueline Packham, Josephine Spooner, Nick her-Somers, Ute Bowyer, Thelma Havelin, May lquhoun, Kevan Bleach, Michael McCann, Philip	
<ul> <li>Wednesday 1st September: Feria. (Green).</li> <li>Holy Hour 8 a.m. –9 a.m.</li> </ul>	Of	Cann and Barbara Jarvis. your charity please pray for those who have d recently: John Keane;	
Thursday 2nd September: Feria. (Green). • Holy Hour 8 a.m.—9 a.m. Friday 3rd September: St Gregory the Great, Pope & Apostle of Memoria. (White)	cur Lou	d of the souls of those whose anniversaries oc- r about now: Charles Chavasse, Kenneth Stevens, uisa Dutton and Richard Wilson-Browne	
• Holy Hour 8 a.m. –9 a.m. St Gregory the Great (c.540-604) A Benedictine, he was the first monk to be elected Pope. He was a great reformer, changing the administration of the Church's Roman estates using the income for the aid of victims of war. He also protected Jews. He embellished the Liturgy in its sacramentary & chant and wrote prolifically. He had a great interest in the English and by sending St Augustine & forty monks from his own monastery, he was responsible for the conversion of most of England. Saturday 4th September: Our Lady on Saturday. (White); or Feria. (Green); or		The following are requested to read at Mass next weekend, September 4th/5th The Twenty-third Sunday Saturday 5.45 p.m: Anne Roebuck Sunday 8.30 a.m.: Peter Bateman 12.00 p.m.: Morag Marinoni 5.30 p.m.: Brendan Cummins	
<ul> <li>optional memoria of St Cuthbert, Bishop. (White)</li> <li>Low Masses at 8 a.m. and 11 a.m.</li> <li>Exposition of the Blessed Sacrament from 8.30—10.45 a.m.</li> <li>Confessions from 11 a.m. to 12 noon &amp; from 5.30 p.m.</li> <li>First Mass of Sunday (Twenty-third Sunday of the Year) at .</li> <li>St Cuthbert (d.687) An Anglo-Saxon Englishman of Northumbria, he was boy who became a monk and was appointed Bishop of Lindisfarne. Follow of Whitby, he set about reforming the English Church by promoting Rommiracle worker in his lifetime, his body was found incorrupt. His remains at Durham Cathedral.</li> </ul>	<b>5.45 p.m.</b> Is a shepherd ing the Synod an customs. A	Collections last week: The Twenty-first Sunday: 22nd August, 2010 Offertory: £1,456 Second: Cardinal Newman's Shrine: £835 eparate Donations: Cardinal Newman's shrine: £2,712 (Target £45,000: Raised so far: c.£40,000) Very many thanks	
<ul> <li>THE SECOND COLLECTION will be for the continuing expenses of the preparation of Cardinal Newman's shrine.</li> <li>THE PIETY STALL will not be open this weekend. Next weekend, Cardinal Newman medals will be on sale. (Please note: the Catholic News) main the Concert Hall of the Barber Institute of Fine Arts, University of Bir and the Plough &amp; Harrow entrance porch.)</li> <li>THE WILL THON OF THE SWELK</li> <li>There will be a HOLY HOUR from 8 a.m. to 9 a.m. each weekday morning to pray for the success of The Beatification and the Pope's visit. Exception Monday. when Adoration will take place from 8.30–10.40 a.m. ADORATION OF THE BLESSED SACRAMENT in the Cloister Chapel will take place on Wednesday starting at 3 p.m. and ending with Benediction at c. 5 p.m. (There will be no Mass beforehand, but there is, of course, Mass in the Cloister Chapel will ske place on Pope Benedict XVIT</li> <li>YOUNG ADULTS (20.35) meet on Thursday 2nd at 7.30 p.m. in the Oratory straight after the beatification, and journalist, will give a talkon tory House. Joanna Bogle, Catholic author and journalist, will give a talkon tory House. Joanna Bogle, Catholic author and journalist, will give a talkon tory House. Joanna Bogle, Catholic author and journalist, will give a talkon tory House. Joanna Bogle, Catholic author and journalist, will give a talkon tory House. Joanna Bogle, Catholic author and journalist, will give a talkon tory House. Joanna Bogle, Catholic author and journalist, will give a talkon tory Here Manne Conference of the Beatification, 18th September, will take place and set to music by Edward Elgar) on the eve of the Beatification, 18th September, will take place and set of port Manney of the day, is 580 (£45 concessions). Lunch, and a copy of the official Newman Biography is included in the cost. To book: 1021 780 3333, or at www.thsh.co.uk</li> </ul>			